

Combined *in vitro* dispersion / digestion

Dr HDR Vincent Jannin, Research Director - Pharmaceuticals, July
2016

technique



POORLY WATER-SOLUBLE DRUGS

Bioavailability enhancement



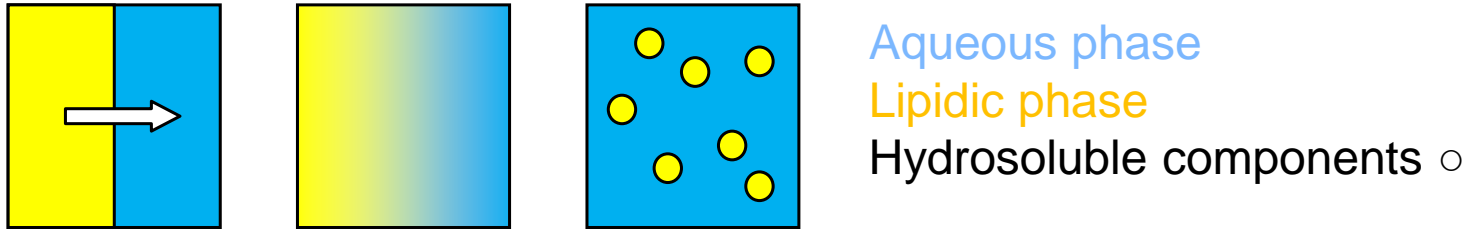
Brick dust or Grease ball

LIPID FORMULATION CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

Formulation	Composition		Characteristics
Type I	Oils	100%	Non-dispersing, poor solvent capacity unless drug is highly lipophilic, requires digestion.
Type II	Oils Low-HLB surfactants	40-80% 20-60%	SEDDS without water-soluble components, turbid O/W dispersion, unlikely to lose solvent capacity on dispersion.
Type III	Oils High-HLB surfactants Hydro. cosolvents	<20-80% 20-50% 0-50%	SEDDS / SMEDDS with water-soluble components, clear or bluish dispersion, possible loss of solvent capacity on dispersion, less easily digested.
Type IV	Low-HLB surfactants High-HLB surfactants Hydro. cosolvents	0-20% 30-80% 0-50%	Micellar solutions, good solvent capacity for many drugs, loss of solvent capacity on dispersion, may not be digested.

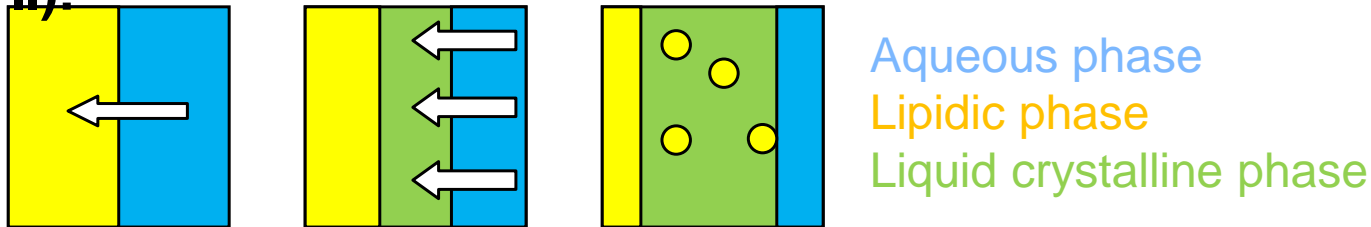
MECHANISMS OF SELF-EMULSIFICATION

Oil / water-soluble surfactant mixture (Type III):

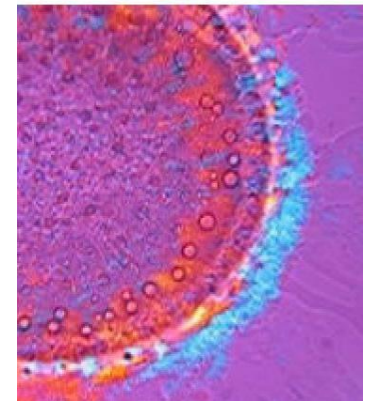


Mechanism of self-emulsification by diffusion and stranding

Oil / surfactant mixture with limited solubility in water (Type II):



Mechanism of self-emulsification by formation of a lamellar liquid crystalline phase



Labrafil droplet
(PLM)

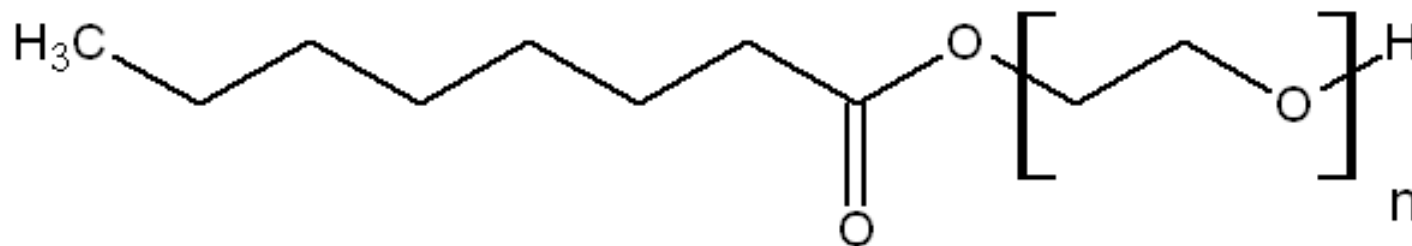
EXAMPLES OF LIPID-BASED EXCIPIENTS

Excipient type		Example
Oils	Medium chain triglycerides / mono, diglycerides	Captex 300 (Abitec) / Capmul MCM (Abitec)
	Long chain triglycerides / mono, diglycerides	Corn oil, Soybean oil / Maisine 35-1 (Gattefossé)
Low HLB surfactant (HLB < 12)	Polyoxyethylene sorbitan trioleate	Tween 85 (Croda)
	Linoleyl polyoxyl-6 glycerides	Labrafil M2125CS (Gattefossé)
High HLB surfactant (HLB > 12)	Polyoxyl-35 castor oil	Kolliphor EL (BASF)
	Polyoxyl-40 hydrogenated castor oil	Kolliphor RH40 (BASF)
	Caprylocaproyl polyoxyl-8 glycerides	Labrasol ALF (Gattefossé)
Hydrophilic cosolvent	Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether	Transcutol HP (Gattefossé)

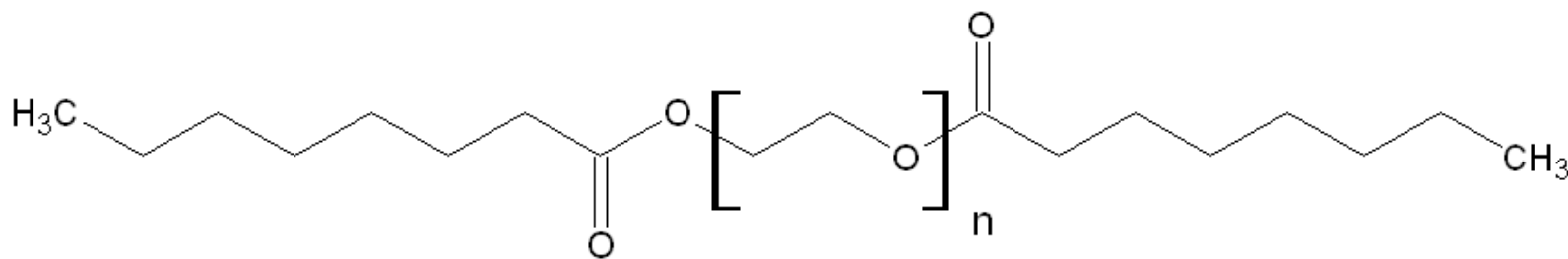
EXAMPLES OF MARKET REFERENCES

Form. type	Composition (excl. Antioxidants)	Drug products	Dosage form
Type I	Medium chain glycerides (MCT)	Lubiprostone (Amitiza, Sucampo) Calcitriol (Rocaltrol, Roche)	SGC SGC
Type I	Hydro. soybean oil, Hydro. vegetable oil, Soybean oil... (all LCT)	Isotretinoine (Accutane, Roche)	SGC
Type II	Oleyl polyoxyl-6 glycerides	Vitamin D3 (Uvedose, Crinex)	Ampoule
Type II	Alcohol, Linoleyl polyoxyl-6 glycerides, Corn oil	Cyclosporine A (Sandimmune, Sandoz)	SGC
Type III	Alcohol, Propylene glycol, Corn oil, Polyoxyl-40 hydrogenated castor oil	Cyclosporine A (Neoral, Sandoz)	SGC
Type III	Caprylocaproyl polyoxyl-8 glycerides	Enzalutamide (Xtandi, Astellas)	SGC
Type III	Lauroyl polyoxyl-32 glycerides, PEGs, HPC, Na starch glycolate	Fenofibrate (Lipofen, Kowa Pharm.)	HGC
Type III	Oleic acid, Polyoxyl-35 castor oil, Propylene glycol (PG)	Lopinavir + Ritonavir (Kaletra, Abbott)	SGC
Type IV	d- α -Tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate, PG, PEG 400	Amprenavir (Agenerase, GSK)	SGC

PEG ESTERS



PEG-n monoester



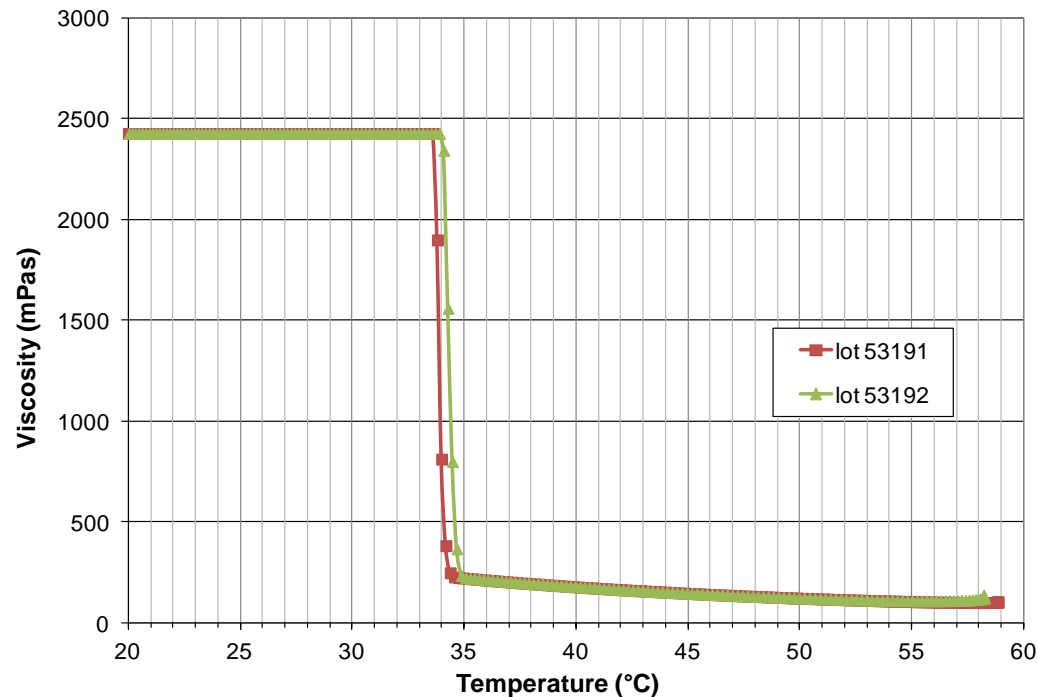
PEG-n diester

PEG ESTERS

	Gelucire® 48/16 pellets
Synthesis	Stearic & palmitic acids + PEG-32 (MW=1500)
Compendial names	Polyoxyl stearate (Type I) USP-NF Polyethylene glycol monostearate (JPE) Macrogol stearate (Type I) EP (pending)
LFCS type	Type IV
Functionality	Solid surfactant Practical HLB = 12

GELUCIRE 48/16 PROPERTIES

Drop point (° C)	48.4 ± 0.1
Melting point (° C) – onset temperature by DSC	45.4 ± 0.2
pH – 10% in purified water	5 ± 1
CMC (mg/L)	153 ± 31
Particle size (nm) – 1g/200mL of water at 37° C, DLS	7 ± 1



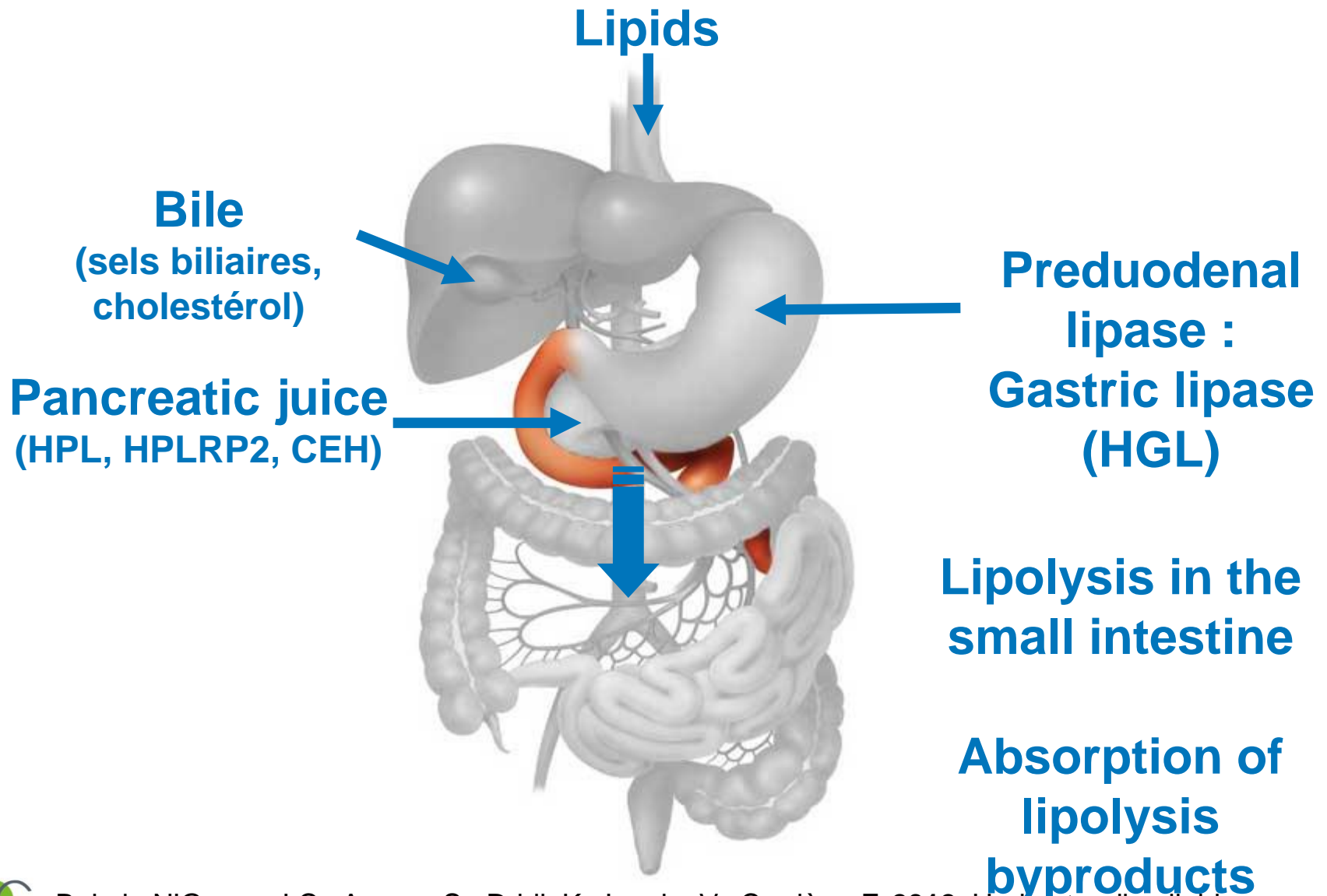
IN VITRO DIGESTION

SELF formulation protocol



Lipid digestion

GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT



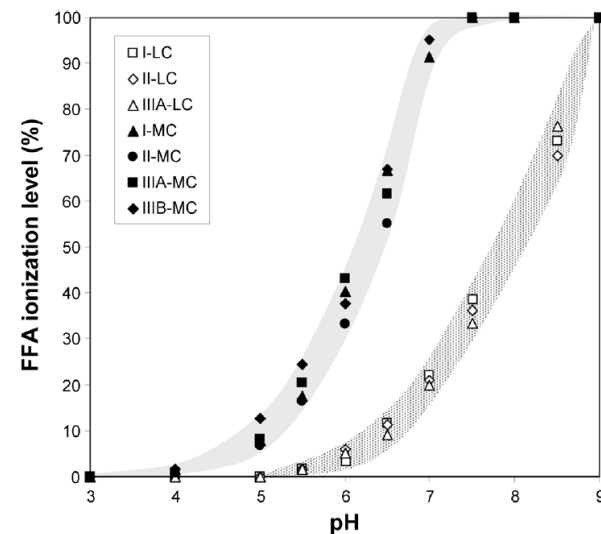
- The Lipid Formulation Classification System Consortium is a non-profit organization that sponsors and conducts research on lipid systems for the oral administration of poorly soluble drugs.
- The primary objective is to develop guidelines that rationalize and accelerate the development of promising drug candidates:
 - identification of key performance criteria
 - validation and publication of universal SOP
 - dialogue with pharmaceutical regulatory bodies

IN VITRO DIGESTION: LFCS CONSORTIUM



- Lipolysis medium, pH 6.5 (fasted):

Tris-maleate	2 mM
CaCl ₂ , 2H ₂ O	1.4 mM
NaCl	150 mM
NaTDC	3 mM
PC	0.75 mM
Milli-Q water	qs



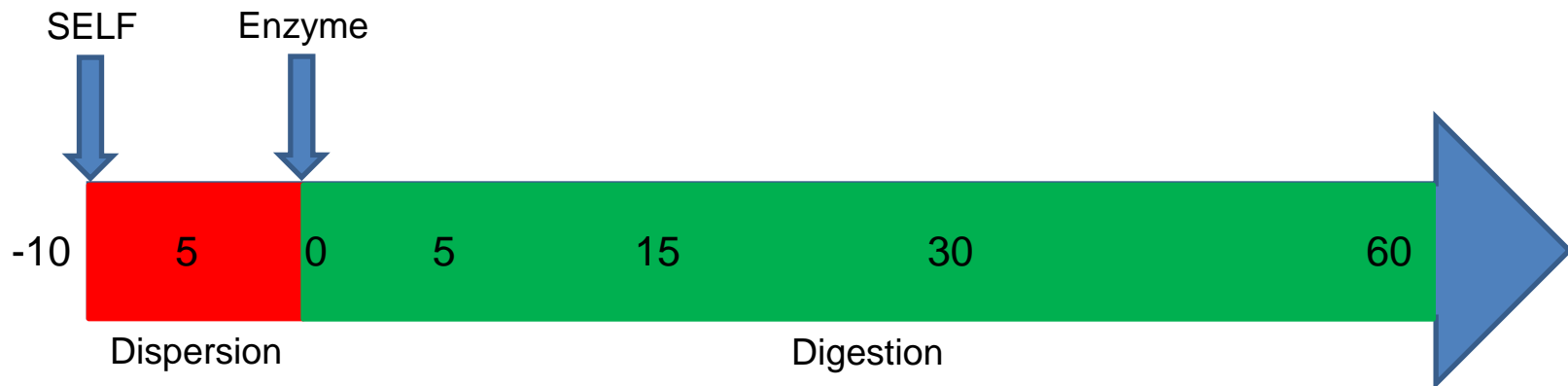
Williams, H., Sassene, P., Kleberg, K., Bakala N'Goma, J.C., Calderone, M., Jannin, V., Igonin, A., et al. **2012**. Towards the establishment of standardized in vitro tests for lipid-based formulations: 1) Method parameterisation and comparison of in vitro digestion profiles across a range of representative formulations. *J. Pharm. Sci.* 101. 3360-3380

Sassene, P.J., Kleberg, K., Williams, H.D., Bakala-N'Goma, J.C., Carrière, F., Calderone, M., Jannin, V., et al. **2014**. Toward the Establishment of Standardized In Vitro Tests for Lipid-Based Formulations, Part 6: Effects of Varying Pancreatin and Calcium Levels. *AAPS J.* 16. 1344-1357

Bakala-N'Goma, J.C., Williams, H.D., Sassene, P., Kleberg, K., Calderone, M., Jannin, V., Igonin, A., et al. **2015**. Toward the Establishment of Standardized in Vitro Tests for Lipid-Based Formulations. 5. Lipolysis of representative formulations by gastric lipase. *Pharm. Res.* 32. 1279-1287

IN VITRO DIGESTION: LFCS CONSORTIUM

- Protocol:
 - 1 g lipid formulation in 36 mL lipolysis medium
 - Stirring at 450 rpm
 - Addition of 4 mL of pancreatin solution
 - pH regulation with NaOH 0.2 or 0.6M

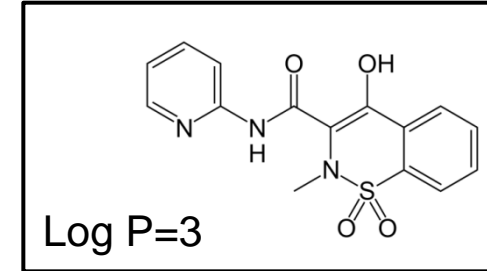
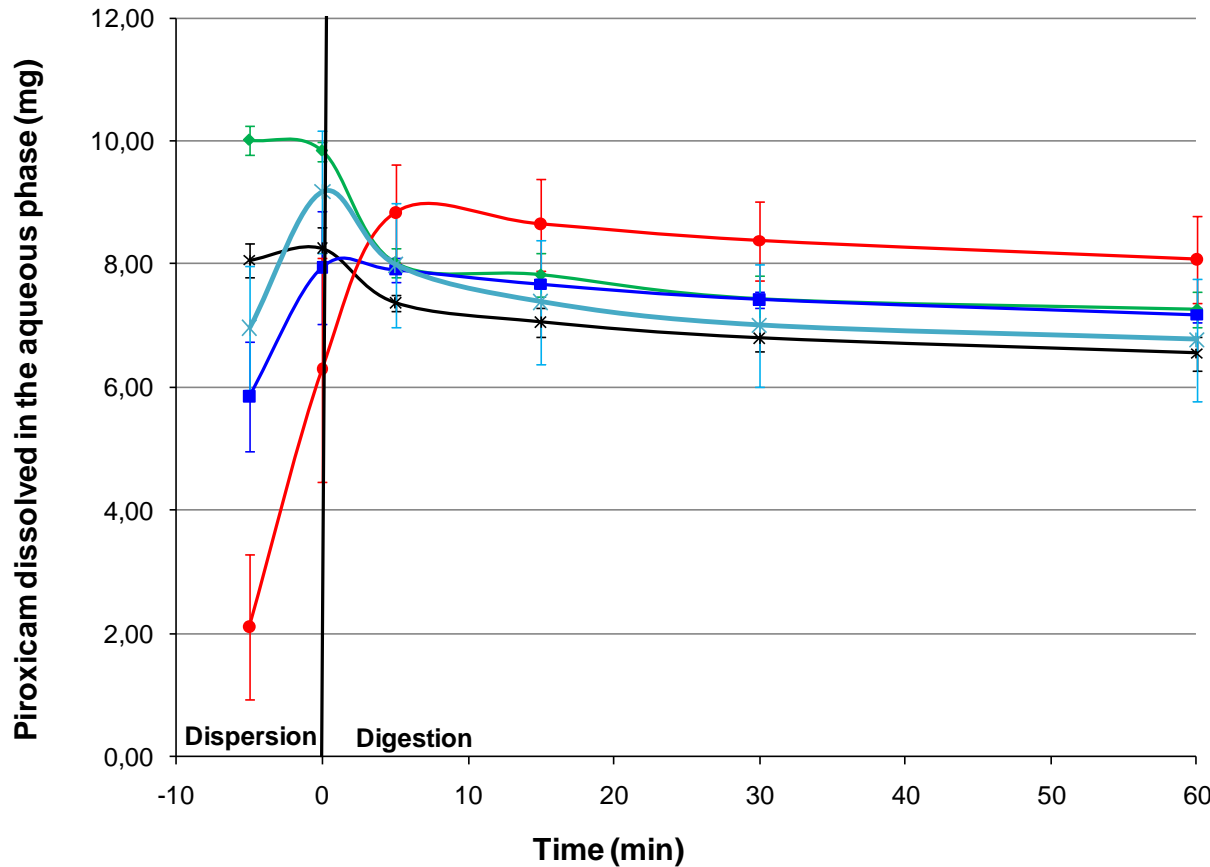


Williams, H., Anby, M.U., Sassene, P., Kleberg, K., Bakala N’Goma, J.C., Calderone, M., Jannin, V., et al. **2012**. Toward the establishment of standardized in vitro tests for lipid-based formulations, Part 2: The effect of bile salt concentration and drug saturation level (dose) on the performance of Type I, II, IIIA, IIIB and IV formulations during in vitro digestion. *Mol. Pharm.* 9. 3286-3300

IN VITRO DIGESTION: LFCS CONSORTIUM

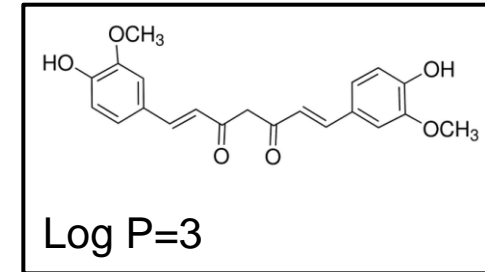
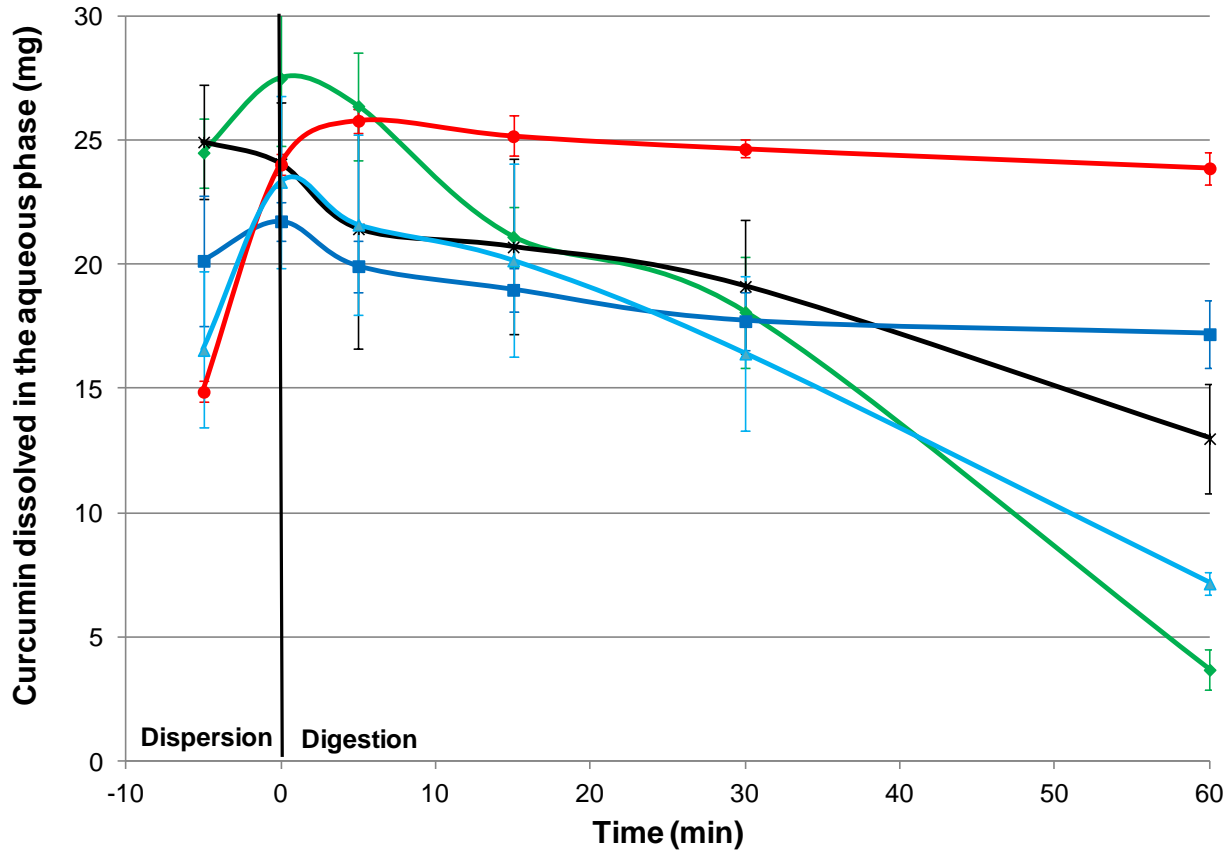
- Enzyme: pancreatin (contains PPL & CEH)
 - 1 g of pancreatin powder in 5 mL of lipolysis buffer
 - Magnetic stirring for 10 minutes
 - Centrifugation: 10 minutes, 2 800 g, 5°C
 - Aliquot the supernatant for lipolysis testing
- Sample preparation:
 - Sample 1 mL in the pH-stat vessel
 - Immediately add an enzyme inhibitor: 5 µL of (100 mg 4-bromobenzeneboronic acid (BBBA) in 0.5 mL of methanol)
 - Centrifugation: 30 minutes, 21 000g, 37°C
 - Aliquot the supernatant and dilute with an appropriate solvent prior to analysis

IN VITRO DIGESTION: PIROXICAM



Same dose for all formulations = 10 mg/mL

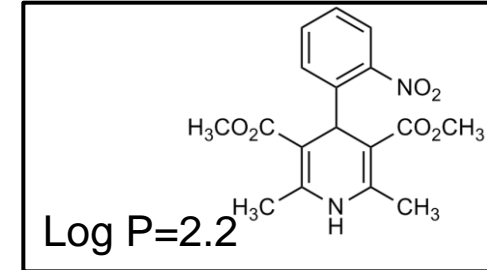
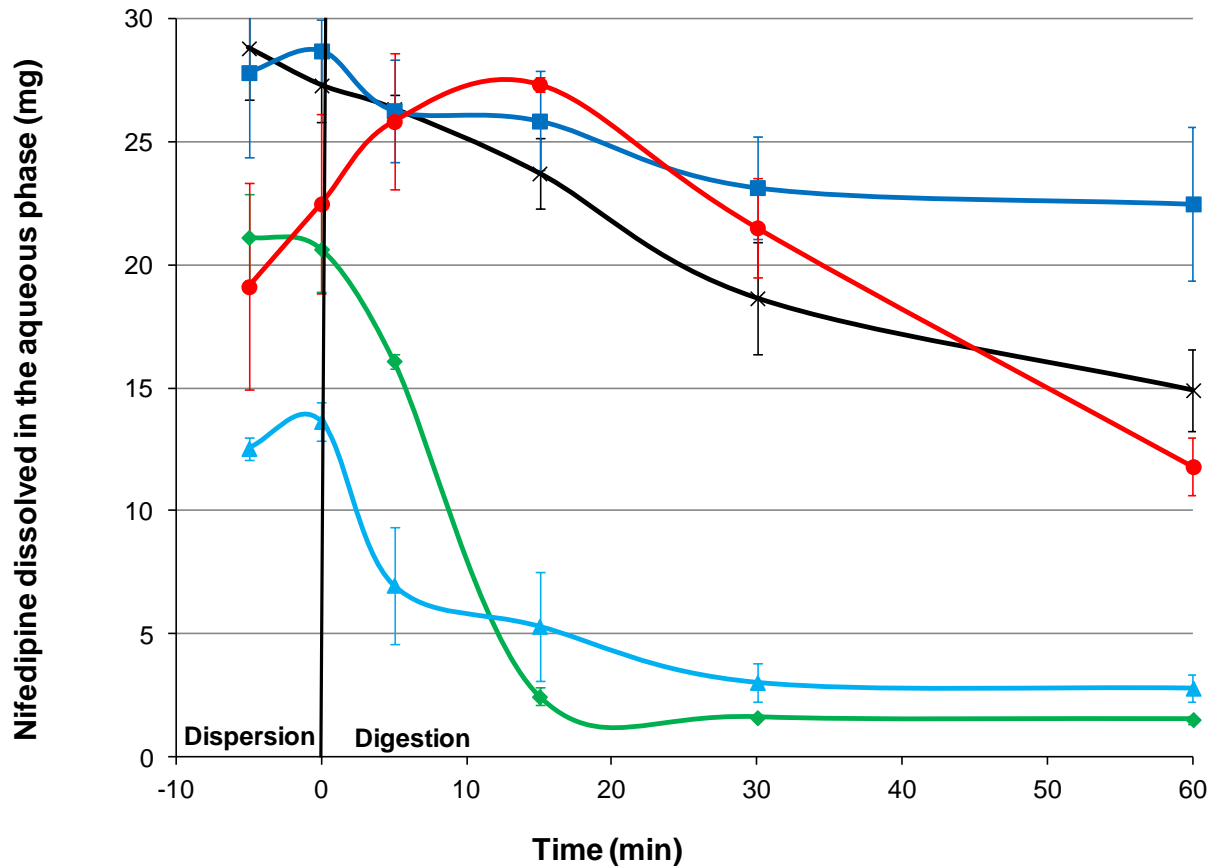
IN VITRO DIGESTION: CURCUMIN



Formulation	%sat / AUC
Labrasol ALF	43% / 1103
Tween 80	34% / 1495
Kolliphor RH40	72% / 1614
Gelucire 48/16	49% / 2198
Gelucire 44/14	67% / 1163

Same dose for all formulations = 30 mg/mL

IN VITRO DIGESTION: NIFEDIPINE



Formulation	%sat / AUC
Labrasol ALF	42% / 307
Tween 80	79% / 1652
Kolliphor RH40	77% / 2124
Gelucire 48/16	51% / 1606
Gelucire 44/14	73% / 347

Same dose for all formulations = 30 mg/mL

ADVANTAGES OF LIPID-BASED SYSTEMS

- Enhancement of bioavailability by:
 - Dissolution of active substances in the dosage form
 - Maintaining the drug in solution (supersaturation is possible) in the gastro-intestinal tract
 - Stimulation of biliary secretion
 - Facilitation of the drug permeability through the intestinal epithelium (local supersaturation induced by lipid metabolites absorption)
 - Stimulation of chylomicrons secretion, enhanced passage through the lymphatic pathway
 - Mitigation of food effect

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